

# Railroad Topics

Paymaster R. L. McCann of the Santa Fe Central, was here yesterday. The mail on the Santa Fe Pacific is being weighed this month.

D. A. Shopp, superintendent of buildings and bridges on the Winslow division, is in the city.

W. S. Hubbell and W. A. Baver, of the Santa Fe Central office, Santa Fe, left for Kennedy station on business.

Two places made vacant by the decrease in the force the last of March have been ordered filled, owing to a rush of stock trains.

T. J. Helm, agent of the Denver & Rio Grande at Santa Fe, who has been confined to his home with illness the past few days, is able to be out again.

The train and engine men have been requested to report to the trainmaster as soon as possible for examination for the new book of rules going into effect June 1.

The Citizen has received a copy of a booklet, just issued by the Santa Fe, entitled, "Coronado and Santa Fe California Missions." It is appropriately illustrated.

The Central Pacific railway is going to build a bridge forty miles long over a portion of Great Salt Lake, shortening their line forty-one miles in a distance of 145.

Eugenio Romero, collector and treasurer of San Miguel county, is operating a saw mill at Torreon, Valencia county, getting out bridge timber for the Santa Fe Central railway.

The number of the inspectors of the Santa Fe Central has been reduced and the remaining inspectors will have to cover more ground and put in more time.

The Las Vegas Record says: Pat Walters, the fireman hurt in the wreck at Sulzbacher a few weeks ago, was discharged from the Ladies' home yesterday. He left for Albuquerque to seek employment.

Almost every week brings forth a new claimant for the record of the longest straight stretch of railway track. The line from Nyngan to Bourke, New South Wales, runs 125 miles without a curve.

Engine 825, a new oil burner from the east, en route to California, has arrived here. It is fitted with the patent Vanderbilt fire box and the traveling engineer of the California division is accompanying it through.

The entire mail carried by the California flyer that was wrecked this week near Flagstaff, Ariz., was destroyed. The mail came from southern and central California and was destined for points east of Albuquerque.

Train No. 3 struck a freight car above Trinidad Thursday morning and smashed it. The car had been switched on the main track and was forgotten, and is now no more. The pilot on the engine was torn away and the front end generally damaged.

Dr. Norris, camp physician of the Pennsylvania Development company at Kennedy, was struck on the head by a stone from a blast. He was rendered unconscious for a time, but revived and managed to reach the camp. His injury was attended to by Dr. Ayers, of Albuquerque.

The Topeka State Journal says: Boilermaker Ernest Wynecoop closed his sever or eight years' service with the Santa Fe as an employee at Topeka shops and today left for Iatan, N. M., where he will follow his trade. Several other boys here are talking about going west.

R. E. Pellow and wife expect to leave Albuquerque in a few days for Winslow, where, it is said, he will have charge of the Harvey eating house there. For the past few months Mr. Pellow was in charge of the eating house in this city, and his friends here wish him success at Winslow.

The industrial department of the Santa Fe has assisted in locating at Stockton, California, a large window glass factory, with a capacity of sixty thousand boxes of product annually. The glass produced by this new factory will take the place of material which for years has been coming from Belgium.

The Gazette says: C. M. C. Houck, who has ably assisted the Santa Fe company at Raton the past eight years, has resigned and accepted the agency for the express company. Mr. Houck is an able business man, popular with the people and will be a first class employee for the new company which he now represents.

Work on the Santa Fe Central railway at Kennedy is being pushed rapidly. The pile driver and scoops are working to the limit of their capacity, and the sound of dynamite blast is heard at frequent intervals. New men and new teams are being put on daily, and passengers on Santa Fe trains passing Kennedy notice the long line of teams at work.

J. F. Yale, traveling freight agent of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe, has resigned. He will go with another company as traffic representative in an important capacity. Mr. Yale's successor will soon be announced from headquarters at Galveston. It is expected that Mr. Yale's resignation will mean several important changes in the traffic department of the road.

Accommodations at the Yosemite valley are under control of the government, with good hotels, camps and trails. Visitors to the great national conventions at San Francisco in June and August will find the Yosemite site a pleasant one. While not so tremendous and awe inspiring as the Grand Canyon of Arizona, Yosemite has a beauty all its own and it is well worth while.

After a service of twenty-one years as master mechanic of the fourth division of the Rio Grande railroad, George H. Shone has been asked to resign and his successor, J. Schilling, from the Wabash system, has arrived at Alamosa, Colo., to take the position. It is rumored in railroad circles that Superintendent Harris of the fourth division has also been asked to step out the first of June.

The Southern Pacific company has decided to take under its own management the eating houses and lunch places on its entire railroad system of more than 9,000 miles in California,

Nevada, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas and Louisiana, and to assume direct supervision of the restaurants in the San Francisco transbay ferries between San Francisco and Oakland and San Francisco and Alameda.

At a camp about a mile and a half east of Deming, on the line of the Southern Pacific railway, a man who was only known to his companions as "Van," became unconscious from morphine poisoning. Dr. Cassell had the man removed to the Deming hospital, where he died the next day. There were no papers to establish his identity. He had but 5 cents in his pocket. He was buried at the county's expense.

J. A. Harlan, superintendent of buildings and bridges on the Rio Grande division of the Santa Fe, and who will superintend the building of the new Albuquerque freight depot, informs The Citizen that work on the foundation of the building was begun this morning. Work on the structure will be pressed and Mr. Harlan says that he hopes to have the building and platforms completed by the first of August.

Frank Painter, who is at present employed as a tracer clerk in the office of Superintendent Easley, at Newton, has been promoted and will go to Dodge City as time keeper in the trainmaster's office. Bert Downey, who at present attends to the duties of the hauling desk, will be advanced to the desk vacated by Mr. Painter. Harry Easley, a son of the superintendent, will be given the position vacated by Mr. Downey.

The New Mexican says: T. J. Helm, general agent of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad company in this city, has been informed, although it has not yet been officially announced, that Superintendent F. S. Harris, of the fourth division of the road, which comprises the line from Santa Fe to Alamosa, Salida, Le Veta and from Antonio to Durango, is to be superseded by Mr. Egan, and Master Mechanic G. H. Shone is also to be superseded.

A dispatch from Omaha, Neb., of May 8, says: "There is not a word of truth in it," said M. A. Low, general attorney for the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad, today, discussing a report from Chicago to the effect that the Rock Island is negotiating for the purchase of the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis railroad. Chicago dispatches state that by the purchase of the road mentioned, as good a line as any other would be established between here and Chicago.

The first spike of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient railway in the United States was driven at Anthony, Kan. The first rails of the track that is to reach from Kansas City to the west coast of Mexico were spiked down and the work of construction thus begun will go steadily on as fast as men can build it. The road bed is graded from Anthony 100 miles southwest. Officers of the road estimate that in eight months or two years the road will be completed to the Mexican Pacific coast.

Santa Fe employees will have to take more strenuous examinations in the future, as it has been decided by the superintendents of that line that a new code of questions will be arranged. The questions will deal more with educational qualifications than in the past, and other things will be taken into consideration. Several roads in the United States have started similar campaigns and it is likely that educational qualifications will play an important part in railroad employing in the future.

Arrangements are being made by the Chicago & Alton with the Santa Fe whereby the former road is to get for a few weeks one of its new Prairie freight engines—the 1967—for experimental purposes on its line between Kansas City and Slater, Mo. The Alton has been doing considerable testing of this sort within the last few months, and the present plan seems to be to determine the efficiency of the Prairie freight locomotive for all around use, for passenger as well as freight.

It is reported that there has not been a drawbar pulled out since the double-heading of the freights stopped and the officials feel disposed to continue single heading. The patent drawbars cost about \$8 to replace when the timbers and all are pulled out, and as there were something like fifty pulled out each month under double heading, it can be seen there is saving enough to more than pay the extra train crew needed when two separate trains are made. Besides, separately, the trains can pull about 100 tons more freight than when two engines are put on one long freight. It is not known exactly what the officials will do about the change, but it is hinted that it is quite satisfactory, as to the saving financially as well as in trouble, worry and time. The double heading is still continued in the passenger business.

The fate of the Morrison tubes, which portion of the Baldwin engines make-up has been giving the Santa Fe no end of trouble of late, has been decided, says the San Bernardino Sun. It will be remembered that these tubes became unusable several weeks ago, and the members of the "500" series were brought to the local round house that the trouble might be remedied. The investigation brought experts from the Baldwin Locomotive works of Philadelphia, from Brooklyn and from Topeka. These got their heads together and their decision followed. It is that two of the tubes must be removed, thrown into the scrap pile and replaced with new ones, while the remaining pair are to be straightened. This last process is an interesting one: the tubes being heated to a white heat and then forced into shape with a hydraulic jack.

The Southern Pacific is asked to pay \$10,000 for the death of Perfecto Alvarez, the aged Mexican who was run over and killed some months ago a mile and a half east of Brookside station, Cal. A suit for damages to this amount was commenced by Jacinta Alvarez, the surviving widow, and Juan Alvarez, a son of the deceased. John Brown, Jr., of San Bernardino, and Water & Wylie, of Los Angeles, are attorneys for the plaintiffs. According to the complaint in the action, there is a straight track for three-quarters

of a mile where the accident occurred. Alvarez was walking toward Brookside station, and the train was traveling in the same direction. The complaint alleges that no whistle was blown and that the engineer did nothing to warn the aged Mexican of the approach of the train. He was struck by the engine and instantly killed.

## JOE MULHATTON.

The Champion Sensation Maker is Pronounced Sane.

It is stated that Joe Mulhatton, whose career as a colossal liar has had no equal since the days of Ananias, has been released from the insane asylum at Phoenix, Ariz. The inventions of his fertile imagination in years gone by created excitement that extended around the world. One of the most sensational of these was a story of an immense meteor which fell in Brown county, Texas, which so alarmed the natives that they fled for other parts, leaving the county almost depopulated. Scientists, newspaper correspondents and curiosity seekers poured into the county by the train load. It did not take them long to discover that the story was a hoax, and that they had again been the victim of one of Mulhatton's prevarications.

On one occasion he had the entire negro population of the cotton producing region of the south on the verge of an uprising. While in the cotton belt he telegraphed the metropolitan dailies that a southern planter had imported a bunch of African monkeys and taught them to pick cotton. The experiment was reported a success and the planters all over the south were preparing to dispense with negro laborers for cotton picking and to substitute monkeys. The story found its way into the country papers of the south and "able" editors gravely declared that the negro's usefulness in gathering the "fleece" was ended. So great was the consternation among the sons of Ham, when it became rumored that their most remunerative occupation would be entered by monkeys, that it took months to restore quiet after the story was discovered to be nothing more than another creation of the vivid and effervescent imagination of Joe Mulhatton.

Mulhatton, it is said, made several thousand dollars in a mining deal, just as the famous herds of Herod, who utilized a group of sulphurous springs and built an ant-fitted in great luxury, in imitation of the Romans, a collection of such houses that have never been surpassed in the east. The water of the springs has a bitter and nauseous taste, and smells like antiquated eggs, but amid all the wrecks of fortune with which the locality is strewn they still minister to the ills of humanity with great relief. Rheumatism, gout and other diseases caused by using them and invalids come here from all parts of Syria. The springs were famous throughout the ancient world, but the present accommodations cannot be recommended. The bath houses are dirty and inconvenient, and the surroundings are repulsive. There is a Protestant hospital and a missionary medical station near by, both of which are supported by the Free Church of Scotland, and furnish but limited quarters.

## WILL COLONIZE.

Santa Fe Evolving Big Schemes for Southeastern Colorado.

The Santa Fe is putting into shape the most extensive plans yet evolved for the colonization of southeastern Colorado and western Kansas. E. H. Andrus, who, a few months ago, resigned the position of land agent for the Union Pacific at Kansas City, has now been appointed to act in a similar capacity for the Santa Fe. Mr. Andrus' work will be largely to arrange settlements with the owners of the land to be occupied, and thus help the purchasers of land titles to secure clear titles to their property. He will also be engaged in disposing of large tracts which the Santa Fe originally received as land grants, but later sold to large syndicates.

It is believed several thousand people can be settled in lands along the Santa Fe, according to present plans. Fifteen years ago western Kansas was a most promising country, but with the failure of rainfall, the early settlers were forced to mortgage their homes, and in many cases abandon them. Thus, whole sections passed into the hands of the loaners, who could not sell and would not pay taxes. In the last few years conditions have improved, until people are finding that it pays to buy tax titles to pieces of this land on which alfalfa, Kafir corn, sorghum and broom corn can be grown. Mr. Andrus will soon be in Denver to consult with General Agent Hall in regard to the Arkansas valley.

## VICTIM OF LIGHTNING.

Francisco Gonzales Killed at Tecolote Near Las Vegas.

Francisco Gonzales was a victim of our first thunder storm yesterday, he being struck by lightning and killed instantly, says the Las Vegas Record.

Mr. Gonzales was on his return to his home in Tecolote from Las Vegas, with his two brothers, each in a separate wagon and when about a half mile this side of Tecolote a bolt of lightning shot from the clouds striking him on the head and killing him instantly. The bolt ran through his body and tore off one of his shoes. The only scorch on his body was on one side of one of his feet. The bolt injured one of the horses also. The unfortunate man was driving the middle team, but neither of his brothers was injured.

Mr. Gonzales was only twenty-six years old and had been married only about six months. He will be buried tomorrow.

## Will It Make Good.

This has grown into a common saying in regard to things in general and especially in reference to plays that are offered for public consideration, and no doubt this question will be asked by many theatergoers who read the glowing advance notices of Henry L. Lupton's comedy, "Other People's Money," which is to be presented at the Colorado hall, on Monday, May 19.

The only answer that can be made to this question prior to the date in question is to point to the record both play and player have made, which consists of over three years of continuous performances throughout the country. This would seem to be a sufficient answer to the question for it must have made good the advance promises made for it as a laugh producer, otherwise its life would not have been extended more than one season at farthest. So we feel that the assurance can be given the over-curious inquirer that all doubts to the excellence of the play can be set at rest and the many excellent reports that have preceded in regard to it and the company that will be seen can be accepted as truth, and there only remains for the amusement seeker to secure his place and when the hour comes, to settle down for an evening of good solid entertainment engendered by a bright, clean and snappy comedy, well acted and perfectly staged.

Superintendent Fox left Saturday night for Topeka, to assist in preparing the new time card.

## SEA OF GALILEE.

Tropical Scenery, Writes William E. Curtis, Surrounds Famous Water.

## BANK IS NOW DESOLATE.

From Chicago Record-Herald.

The descent from Nazareth to the Sea of Galilee is very rapid. That village lies at an altitude of about 1,100 feet above the Mediterranean, and the hills around it are from 2,000 to 4,000 feet high, while the sacred lake is 650 feet below tide water. Few people realize that the greater part of our Lord's ministry was performed in a natural trench washed out by the River Jordan at some remote period of geological history. It is a curious formation of nature.

As the carriage descends along the rough road, which in wet weather is almost impassable, we pass from spring to summer. Travelers who visit the Sea of Galilee later than April must expect oppressive heat, and the contrast between the heavy and humid atmosphere of the lake basin and the pure and exhilarating ozone of the hill country around Nazareth is keenly felt by people who are sensitive to climatic changes. The vegetation becomes tropical as we approach the water. Trees which are never seen on the hills grow in thick jungles and groups of palms decorate the scene in every direction. The lake has the shape of a heart, thirteen miles long, and eight miles wide. A Jewish rabbi once said: "Jehovah hath created many lakes, but the sea of Gennesaret is his delight." It resembles the lochs of Scotland, and its resemblance to the lakes of northern Italy is often pointed out, although the foliage is more scanty and by no means so beautiful, and the villas and towns cannot be compared for a moment.

The lake is encircled by a white strip of beach. At the northern end it is formed of smooth white sand, shells and pebbles, and the southern end of gravel and black and white boulders. Evidences of volcanic agencies appear frequently, and on the southern banks are the famous hot baths of Herod, who utilized a group of sulphurous springs and built an ant-fitted in great luxury, in imitation of the Romans, a collection of such houses that have never been surpassed in the east. The water of the springs has a bitter and nauseous taste, and smells like antiquated eggs, but amid all the wrecks of fortune with which the locality is strewn they still minister to the ills of humanity with great relief. Rheumatism, gout and other diseases caused by using them and invalids come here from all parts of Syria. The springs were famous throughout the ancient world, but the present accommodations cannot be recommended. The bath houses are dirty and inconvenient, and the surroundings are repulsive. There is a Protestant hospital and a missionary medical station near by, both of which are supported by the Free Church of Scotland, and furnish but limited quarters.

The baths were called Hammam in the Old Testament, but are known as Hummum now. The springs are four in number. The water has a normal temperature of 144 degrees Fahrenheit, and its chief properties, as shown by analysis, are carbonate of lime, muriatic salts and chloride of magnesium. There is a cave in the hill upon which an old castle stands, which is supposed to be connected by subterranean passages with the springs, for it has a high temperature and is continually filled with steam. Persons afflicted with gout or rheumatism receive almost immediate relief by sitting in this cave and submitting to the continuous and profuse perspiration which its high temperature excites.

Down in this pit, in the days of the crusaders, the ambition of christiandom was scorched to the heart. Tempted by treachery, the knights of the cross attacked Saladin. The dust and heat were intense, for there had been a long drought and the earth was parched. The Arabs set fire to the trees and shrubbery. The knights choked in their armor. The foot soldiers, blinded by smoke and dust, were trampled down by the Bedouins. Although they fought sun, fire, heat and sword with terrible desperation, their defeat was utter. The entire force was annihilated, and nearly every man who escaped death was captured and taken into the desert as a slave.

Above the beach, around the lake, is a succession of grassy slopes and rocky cliffs with groups of oleanders, roses and shrubbery. The foot soldiers, with their armor, the foot soldiers, blinded by smoke and dust, were trampled down by the Bedouins. Although they fought sun, fire, heat and sword with terrible desperation, their defeat was utter. The entire force was annihilated, and nearly every man who escaped death was captured and taken into the desert as a slave.

At present there are no farms and few houses and the only lights to be seen are the camp fires of the Bedouins.

## GOING WITH A RUSH.

A Big Force Employed in the New Shops at San Bernardino.

The site of the Santa Fe new shops in San Bernardino, located in the vicinity of what was once Fourth street, is rapidly assuming the appearance of the busiest spot in this locality, says the Sun.

Lantry & Sons the contractors have begun work in earnest, and as many as eighty men are already at the site of operations, excavating, mixing concrete and laying the foundation work for the many new buildings to be erected. This labor, with few excep-

tions, is local, which means the dropping of a neat little sum into the town and its merchants. The men are paid all the way from \$1.75 to \$4.50 per day, from which it is estimated that the squad already employed lays claim to something like \$5,000 of the contractor's money each month. And yet, as a foreman remarked yesterday, work has hardly begun. So far 114 cubic yards of concrete has been laid, but this does not even finish the foundation of the big car shop which is the first building to be commenced.

The surveyors are still busy driving stakes for the proposed departments, and laying lines for the many new tracks. Several temporary and possibly permanent transportation leads have been laid, one of them extending the full length of the yards, terminating at Mt. Vernon avenue.

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Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price, 25 cents.

## FATHER HAGERTY COMING.

He Will Lecture at Colombo Hall Tomorrow Evening.

Father Thomas J. Hagerty, who will lecture tomorrow evening, will arrive this evening. Father Hagerty's subject will be "Economic Discontent and Its Remedy," and the lecture will be at Colombo hall under the auspices of the socialist club. A cornet solo will be given by George Leo Patterson.

Father McGrady says, in the Cincinnati Commercial Tribune, that "Father Hagerty is the brightest young man that I ever met. He is a thorough master of eight languages and he is familiar with all the sciences and acquainted with the literature of all ages, and is conversant with every field of thought. Father Hagerty is the recognized leader of the labor movement in northern Texas, and with his marvelous gifts of learning and eloquence, he is consolidating the wage earners into a powerful phalanx and ameliorating their condition."

## ITALIAN MURDERED.

His Body Found in a Canyon Near Trinidad.

The Trinidad Chronicle-News says that the dead body of Sozio Pulambi, a Primo coal miner, was found about 3 o'clock this morning in a canyon between Segundo and Primo. He had been shot, there being a bullet hole through the head. The bullet, which was from about a thirty-eight calibre six shooter, entered the back of the head and near the right ear and came out the left ear.

The sheriff's office and coroner were notified and Undersheriff Kreger and Coroner Sipe left for the scene of the crime before daylight. This afternoon the body of Pulambi was brought to the city by Undertaker E. J. Sipe. An hour or so later the undersheriff and Deputy Fran. McPherson, of Primo, brought two Italians to the city and placed them in the county jail. The two men under arrest are believed to have murdered the man.

## OTERO WAS THERE.

The Governor Met with the Board of Education.

Homestead Entries.—Pedro Campos, Puerto de Luna, 160 acres, Guadalupe county; Hipoleto Lopez, Pintada, 160 acres, Guadalupe county.

Final Homestead Entries.—Cristofal Madrid, Pines Wells, 160 acres, Valencia county; Santiago Madrid, Pines Wells, 160 acres, Valencia county; Pontin Martin, Santa Fe, 160 acres, Santa Fe county; William J. Littrell, Maxwell City, 160 acres, Colfax county.

Board of Education.

In the proceedings of the territorial board of education held at the capitol on Saturday last and published in this paper on yesterday a serious omission was made. The name of Governor M. A. Otero, who is president of the board, and who was present and presided at the meeting, was omitted.

## Superstitious Navajoes.

Ashton Nebeker came in from Tuba City yesterday. He reports the killing of a Navajo Indian by another Navajo last week on the reservation. The Indian killed was said to have been a witch, and the tribe held him responsible for the continued drought in that section, and it is claimed that the sacrifice of the life of the sorcerer will bring rain, and they cite as an instance of how in the past a long drought was broken by sacrificing a missionary to appease the wrath of the rain god. It is probable that if the enchantment is not broken by the death of an Indian a missionary may be selected in the vain endeavor to secure the favor of the elusive rain god.—Flagstaff Sun.

The Needless Eye says: Work on the round house is progressing nicely and rapidly. When completed, instead of fourteen, the round house will consist of thirty stalls. A large two-story fire house is nearly completed in which will be stored the hose, hose carts and other fire apparatus of the company.

while the upper story will be used as bed rooms for the watchmen and operators of the fire department. Excavation for the new stone store room has been commenced and the work will be pushed to completion. A dynamo will be soon generating electricity to light the yards, the shops and the buildings. Altogether the company will spend in improvements \$75,000 to \$100,000 at Needles. All of which goes to show that the shops and division point will soon be removed to Kinman.

## HOSPITAL NOTES.

Miss Daisy Weaver, a Trained Nurse, Dangerously Sick.

Miss Daisy Weaver, a trained nurse, whose home is in Los Angeles, is at the Santa Fe hospital in a precarious condition. She is suffering from rheumatism which is complicated with heart trouble. Her recovery is almost impossible. Miss Weaver has been in the employ of the company at Winslow.

There have been no operations for several days and all cases are medical. J. H. Farmer was out driving yesterday, the first time since his recent severe illness.

## Salt River Reservoir.

Arthur P. Davis, of the geological survey, who undertook a scientific investigation of the Tonto Basin and Salt river reservoir a year ago, presented his report to the water storage commission in Phoenix, which was full of interest. He estimates the cost of the proposed dam at less than \$2,000,000, which is much less than had been counted on. The reduced cost is owing to his discovery of material on the ground for the manufacture of cement equal to the best Portland cement. The cement had been figured as the chief item of expense. His estimates call for a dam 247 feet high, with a thickness at the base of 164 feet. The dam will arch up stream and have a spill-way cut through solid rock at each side. There will also be a bridge with roadway built along the dam, for the Globe-Payson road, as the lake will back up many miles and consequently cut off all communication between Globe and Tonto Basin points. Mr. Davis estimates the deposit of silt, taking last year's deposit as a basis, would require 1,500 years to fill up the lake.

## A Snake Story.

A Tucson girl has cast up a snake. Her name is Martinez and she lives in an adobe cabin on the road near St. Mary's hospital. The girl is 8 years old.

For some time she complained of general sickness, particularly of nausea. The doctors created her and all the ancient cures in the neighborhood tried the old cures, but in vain.

On Monday afternoon she was in a bad way and made several ineffectual efforts to vomit, though the desire possessed her strongly. After much retching accompanied by a choking sensation, there was an eruption, and a snake, surrounded by much phlegm, was cast up.

The reptile was alive and a fraction more than a foot in length. The snake lived in the open air for two hours. The girl is now all right seemingly.—Citizen.

## Spring Ailments.

There is an aching and tired feeling; the liver, bowels and kidneys become sluggish and inactive, the digestion impaired, with little or no appetite, no ambition; for anything, and a feeling that the whole body and mind needs toning up. The trouble is, that during winter, there has been an accumulation of waste matter in the system. Herbine will remove it, secure to the secretions a right exit, and by its tonic effect, fully restore the wasted tissues and give strength in place of weakness. 50c at Cosmopolitan Pharmacy, B. Ruppel.

## Teetotalers in Canada.

The Toronto Mail makes a claim that if the teetotalers were counted it would probably be found that in proportion to population they are more numerous in Canada than anywhere else in the civilized world.

## The Eagles' Celebration.


The Eagles have arranged with the Gentlemen's Driving association to have some good races at the fair grounds on June 1, when the Eagles will celebrate their first anniversary. In addition to the races there will be athletic contests, a base ball game and good music.

*E. W. Lupton*

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

## Court at Las Vegas.

The United States court at Las Vegas opened on Monday morning at 10 o'clock at the court house. Frank Carpenter was appointed court crier and H. E. Blake and Jose Felipe Montoya are bailiffs. M. Segura was appointed interpreter for the court and Benjamin Romero for the grand jury.



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